



Winstar Display Co., LTD

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SPECIFICATION

CUSTOMER : _____

MODULE NO.: WG12232D-YFH-V#A

| | |
|---|--|
| <p>APPROVED BY: (FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY)</p> | <p>PCB VERSION: _____</p> <p>DATA: _____</p> |
|---|--|

| SALES BY | APPROVED BY | CHECKED BY | PREPARED BY |
|----------|-------------|------------|-------------|
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| VERSION | DATE | REVISED PAGE NO. | SUMMARY |
|---------|------------|------------------|-------------|
| 0 | 2008.10.01 | | First issue |



MODLE NO :

| RECORDS OF REVISION | | | DOC. FIRST ISSUE |
|---------------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
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2.Precautions in use of LCD Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of LCD module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the LCM.
- (4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5) Don't drop, bend or twist LCM.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8) Winstar have the right to change the passive components
- (9) Winstar have the right to change the PCB Rev.

3.General Specification

| Item | Dimension | Unit |
|----------------------|--|-------------|
| Number of Characters | 122 x 32 | — |
| Module dimension | 59.0 x 29.3 x 5.5(MAX) | mm |
| View area | 52.0 x 15.0 | mm |
| Active area | 45.72 x 11.97 | mm |
| Dot size | 0.345 x 0.345 | mm |
| Dot pitch | 0.375 x 0.375 | mm |
| LCD type | FSTN, Positive, Transflective (In LCD production, It will occur slightly color difference. We can only guarantee the same color in the same batch.) | |
| Duty | 1/32 | |
| View direction | 6 o'clock | |
| Backlight Type | Led Edge ,Yellow Green(Internal Power) | |

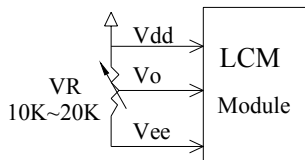
4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Item | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|----------|------|
| Operating Temperature | T_{OP} | -20 | — | +70 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T_{ST} | -30 | — | +80 | °C |
| Input Voltage | V_I | 0 | — | V_{DD} | V |
| Supply Voltage For Logic | V_{DD} | 0 | — | 6.7 | V |
| Supply Voltage For LCD | $V_{DD}-V_{LCD}$ | 0 | — | -10 | V |
| Supply Voltage For LCD | VEE | — | -5 | — | V |

5. Electrical Characteristics

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|------|----------|------|
| Supply Voltage For Logic | $V_{DD}-V_{SS}$ | — | 2.75 | 3.0 | 3.3 | V |
| Supply Voltage For LCD *Note | $V_{DD}-V_O$ | $T_a=-20^{\circ}C$ | — | — | 5.8 | V |
| | | $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ | — | 4.7 | — | V |
| | | $T_a=70^{\circ}C$ | 3.9 | — | — | V |
| Input High Volt. | V_{IH} | — | 2.0 | — | V_{DD} | V |
| Input Low Volt. | V_{IL} | — | 0 | — | 0.8 | V |
| Output High Volt. | V_{OH} | — | 2.7 | — | V_{DD} | V |
| Output Low Volt. | V_{OL} | — | 0 | — | 0.1 | V |
| Supply Current | I_{DD} | 3.3 | — | 1.4 | — | mA |
| Negative Voltage | Vee | | — | -Vdd | — | |

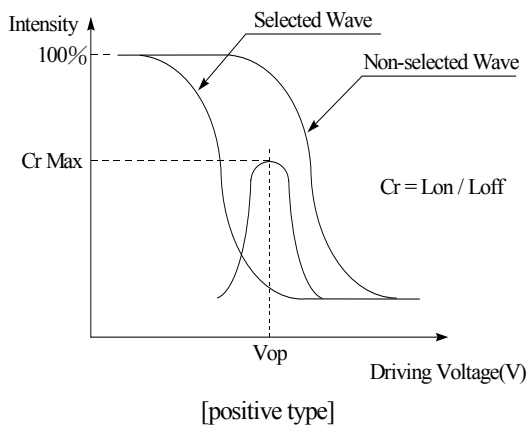
*Note: Please design the VOP adjustment circuit on customer's main board



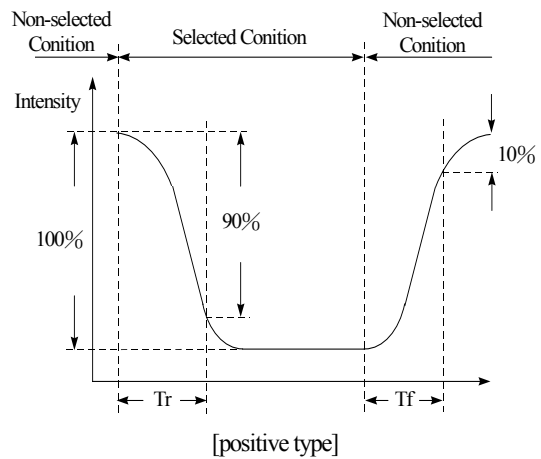
6. Optical Characteristics

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| View Angle | (V) θ | $CR \geq 2$ | 30 | — | 60 | deg |
| | (H) φ | $CR \geq 2$ | -45 | — | 45 | deg |
| Contrast Ratio | CR | — | — | 5 | — | — |
| Response Time | T rise | — | — | 100 | 150 | ms |
| | T fall | — | — | 100 | 150 | ms |

Definition of Operation Voltage (Vop)



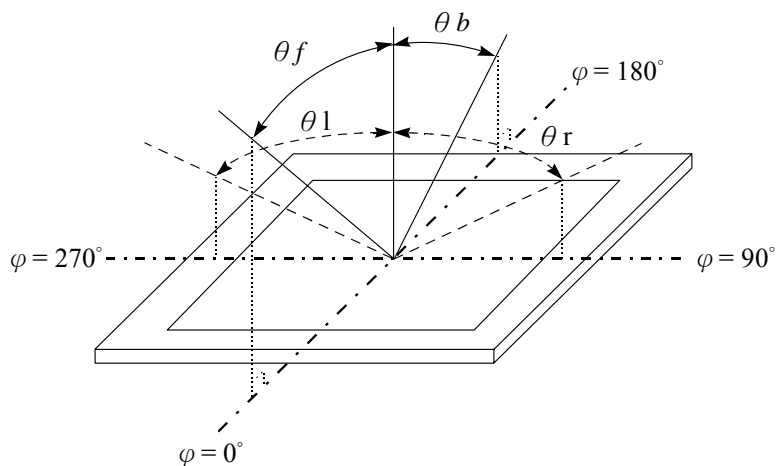
Definition of Response Time (Tr, Tf)



Conditions :

Operating Voltage : Vop Viewing Angle(θ , φ) : 0° , 0°
 Frame Frequency : 64 HZ Driving Waveform : 1/N duty , 1/a bias

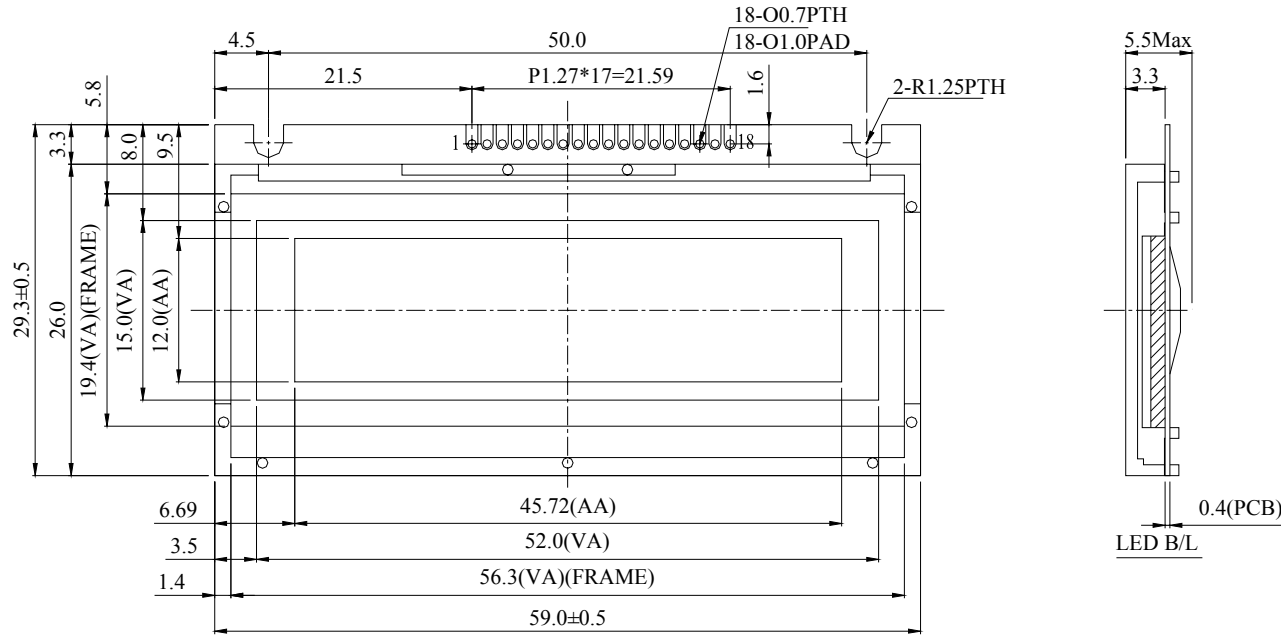
Definition of viewing angle($CR \geq 2$)



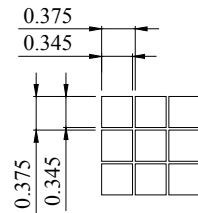
7. Interface Description

| Pin No. | Symbol | Level | Description |
|---------|--------------------------|------------|--|
| 1 | $\overline{\text{VLED}}$ | 0V | B/L Selected |
| 2 | V_{ss} | 0V | Ground |
| 3 | V_{dd} | 3.0V | Power supply for logic |
| 4 | V_o | (Variable) | Operating voltage for LCD |
| 5 | A0 | H/L | H : Data L : Instruction |
| 6 | E1 | H/L | Chip select signal for IC1 (left 61*32 dots) active "H" |
| 7 | E2 | H/L | Chip select signal for IC2 (right 61*32 dots) active "H" |
| 8 | DB0 | H/L | Data bus line |
| 9 | DB1 | H/L | Data bus line |
| 10 | DB2 | H/L | Data bus line |
| 11 | DB3 | H/L | Data bus line |
| 12 | DB4 | H/L | Data bus line |
| 13 | DB5 | H/L | Data bus line |
| 14 | DB6 | H/L | Data bus line |
| 15 | DB7 | H/L | Data bus line |
| 16 | R/W | H/L | H : Read ; L : Write |
| 17 | Vee | -Vdd | Negative Voltage output |
| 18 | NC | NC | NC |

8. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram

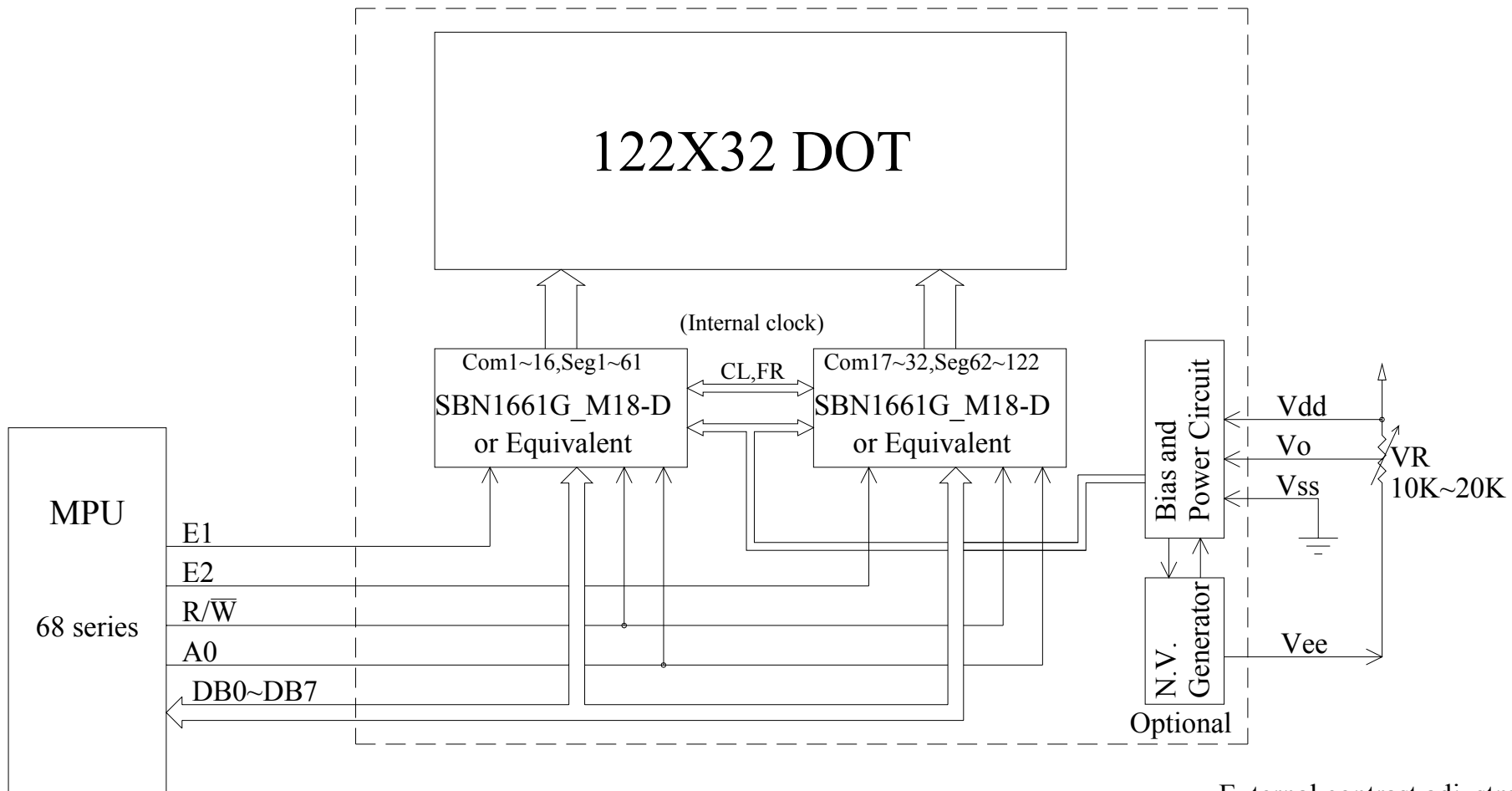


| PIN NO. | SYMBOL |
|---------|--------|
| 1 | VLED |
| 2 | VSS |
| 3 | VDD |
| 4 | VO |
| 5 | AO |
| 6 | E1 |
| 7 | E2 |
| 8 | DB0 |
| 9 | DB1 |
| 10 | DB2 |
| 11 | DB3 |
| 12 | DB4 |
| 13 | DB5 |
| 14 | DB6 |
| 15 | DB7 |
| 16 | R/W |
| 17 | VEE |
| 18 | NC |



DOT SIZE
SCALE 15/1

The non-specified tolerance of dimension is $\pm 0.3\text{mm}$.

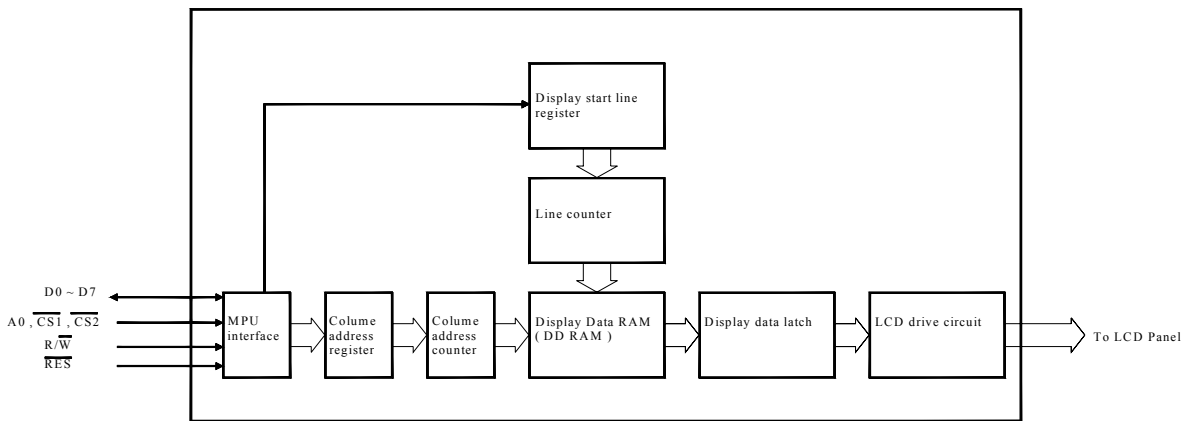


External contrast adjustment.

9. Function Description

Block Diagram

This 122×32 dots LCD Module built in two SBN1661G_M18-D LSI controller.



MPU interface

The SBN1661G_M18-D controller transfers data via 8-bit bidirectional data buses (D0 to D7), it can fit any MPU if it corresponds to SBN1661G_M18-D Read and Write Timing Characteristics.

Data transfer

The SBN1661G_M18-D driver uses the A0, E and R/W signals to transfer data between the system MPU and internal registers, The combinations used are given in the table below.

| A0 | R/W | Function |
|----|-----|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | 1 | Read display data |
| 1 | 0 | Write display data |
| 0 | 1 | Read status |
| 0 | 0 | Write to internal register (command) |

Busy flag

When the Busy flag is logical 1, the SBN1661G_M18-D series is executing its internal operations. Any command other than Status Read is rejected during this time. The Busy flag is output at pin D7 by the Status Read command. If an appropriate cycle time (t_{CYC}) is given, this flag needs not be checked at the beginning of each command and, therefore, the MPU processing capacity can greatly be enhanced.

Display Start Line and Line Count Registers

The contents of this register form a pointer to a line of data in display data RAM corresponding to the first line of the display (COM0), and are set by the Display Start Line command.

Column Address Counter

The column address counter is a 7-bit presentable counter that supplies the column address for MPU access to the display data RAM. See Figure 1. The counter is incremented by one every time the driver receives a Read or Write Display Data command. Addresses above 50H are invalid, and the counter will not increment past this value. The contents of the column address counter are set with the Set Column Address command.

Display Data RAM

The display data RAM stores the LCD display data, on a 1-bit per pixel basis. The relationship between display data, display address and the display is shown in Figure 1

Page Register

The page register is a 2-bit register that supplies the page address for MPU access to the display data RAM. See Figure 1. The contents of the page register are set by the Set Page Register command.

Figure 1.

Display Data RAM Address

| Page address | DATA | Line address | Common output | | |
|-----------------|------|--------------|---------------|-----|----|
| D1,D2=0,0 | D0 | 00H | COM0 | | |
| | D1 | 01H | COM1 | | |
| | D2 | 02H | COM2 | | |
| | D3 | 03H | COM3 | | |
| | D4 | 04H | COM4 | | |
| | D5 | 05H | COM5 | | |
| | D6 | 06H | COM6 | | |
| | D7 | 07H | COM7 | | |
| 0,1 | D0 | 08H | COM8 | | |
| | D1 | 09H | COM9 | | |
| | D2 | 0AH | COM10 | | |
| | D3 | 0BH | COM11 | | |
| | D4 | 0CH | COM12 | | |
| | D5 | 0DH | COM13 | | |
| | D6 | 0EH | COM14 | | |
| | D7 | 0FH | COM15 | | |
| 1,0 | D0 | 10H | COM16 | | |
| | D1 | 11H | COM17 | | |
| | D2 | 12H | COM18 | | |
| | D3 | 13H | COM19 | | |
| | D4 | 14H | COM20 | | |
| | D5 | 15H | COM21 | | |
| | D6 | 16H | COM22 | | |
| | D7 | 17H | COM23 | | |
| 1,1 | D0 | 18H | COM24 | | |
| | D1 | 19H | COM25 | | |
| | D2 | 1AH | COM26 | | |
| | D3 | 1BH | COM27 | | |
| | D4 | 1CH | COM28 | | |
| | D5 | 1DH | COM29 | | |
| | D6 | 1EH | COM30 | | |
| | D7 | 1FH | COM31 | | |
| Coloumn address | ADC | D0=0 | 4FH | 00H | 80 |
| | | D0=1 | 4EH | 01H | 79 |
| | | seg pin | 4DH | 02H | 78 |
| | | | — | — | — |
| | | | — | — | — |
| | | | — | — | — |
| | | | — | — | — |
| | | | — | — | — |
| | | | — | — | — |
| | | | — | — | — |
| | | | 3CH | — | 61 |
| | | | 3BH | — | 60 |
| | 3AH | — | 59 | | |
| | | SED1520 | | | |
| | | SED1521 | | | |

The 122*32 dots display area is consisted 2 61*32,The inyerface pin CS1 enable the left 61*32 ,CS2 enable the right 61*32 dots.

10. Commands Descriptions

The host microcontroller can issue commands to the SBN1661G_X. Table 27 lists all the commands. When issuing a command, the host microcontroller should put the command code on the data bus. The host microcontroller should also give the control bus C/D, E(RD), and R/W(WR) proper value and timing.

Commands

| COMMAND | COMMAND CODE | | | | | | | | FUNCTION |
|--------------------|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| | D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 | |
| Write Display Data | Data to be written into the Display Data Memory. | | | | | | | | Write a byte of data to the Display Data Memory. |
| Read Display Data | Data read from the Display Data Memory. | | | | | | | | Read a byte of data from the Display Data Memory. |
| Read-Modify-Write | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Start Read-Modify-Write operation. |
| END | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Stop Read-Modify-Write operation. |
| Software Reset | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Software Reset. |

Write Display Data

The Write Display Data command writes a byte (8 bits) of data to the Display Data Memory. Data is put on the data bus by the host microcontroller. The location which accepts this byte of data is pointed to by the Page Address Register and the Column Address Register. At the end of the command operation, the content of the Column Address Register is automatically incremented by 1.

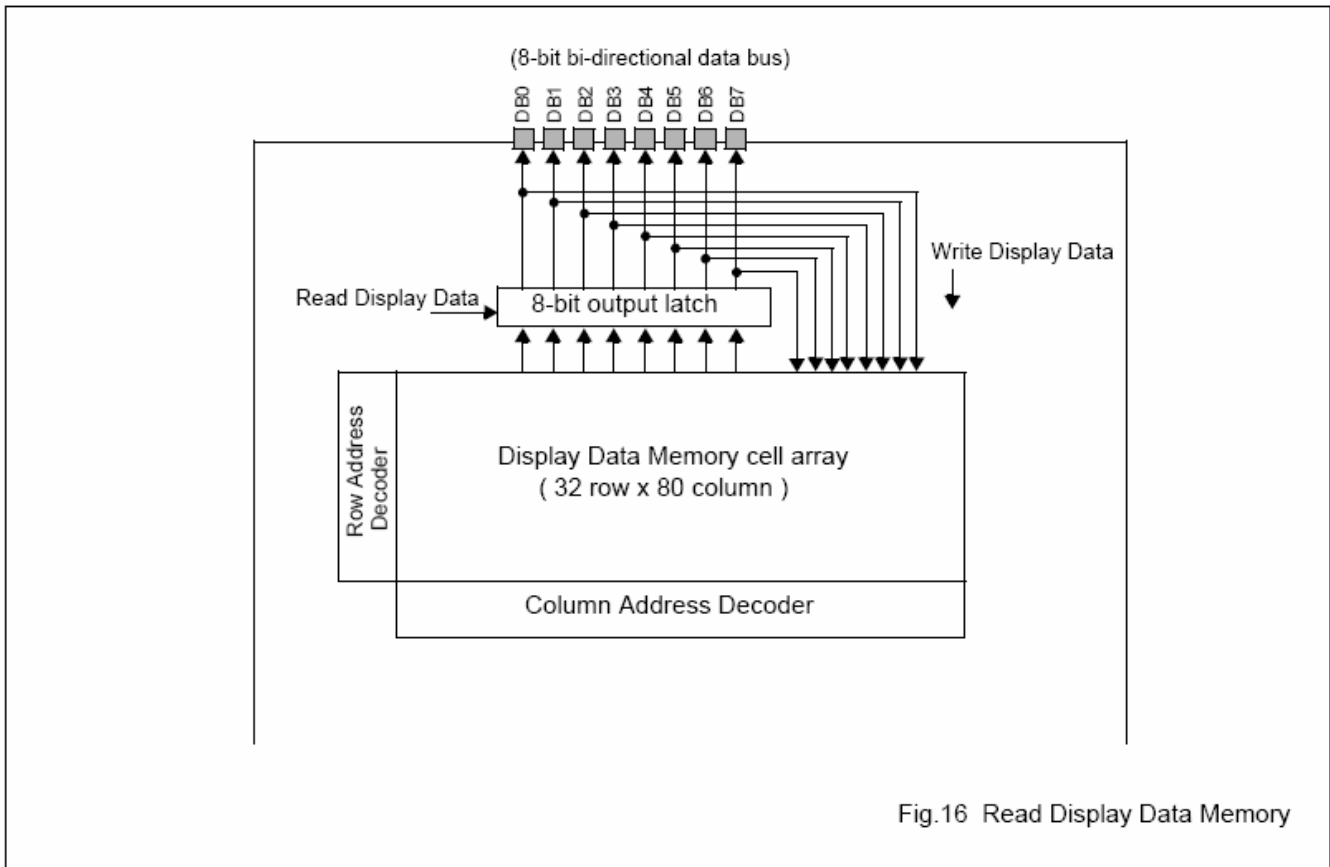
The setting of the control bus for issuing Write Display Data command

| $\overline{C/D}$ | $E/(\overline{RD})$ | $R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$ |
|------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

Read Display Data

The Read Display Data command starts a 3-step operation.

1. First, the current data of the internal 8-bit output latch of the Display Data Memory is read by the microcontroller, via the 8-bit data bus DB0~DB7.
2. Then, a byte of data of the Display Data Memory is transferred to the 8-bit output latch from a location specified by the Page Address Register and the Column Address Register,
3. Finally, the content of the Column Address Register is automatically incremented by one. Fig. 16 shows the internal 8-bit output latch located between the 8-bit I/O data bus and the Display Data Memory cell array. Because of this internal 8-bit output latch, a dummy read is needed to obtain correct data from the Display Data Memory. For Display Data Write operation, a dummy write **is not** needed, because data can be directly written from the data bus to internal memory cells.



The setting of the control bus for issuing Read Display Data command

| \overline{C}/D | $E/(\overline{RD})$ | $R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$ |
|------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 1 |

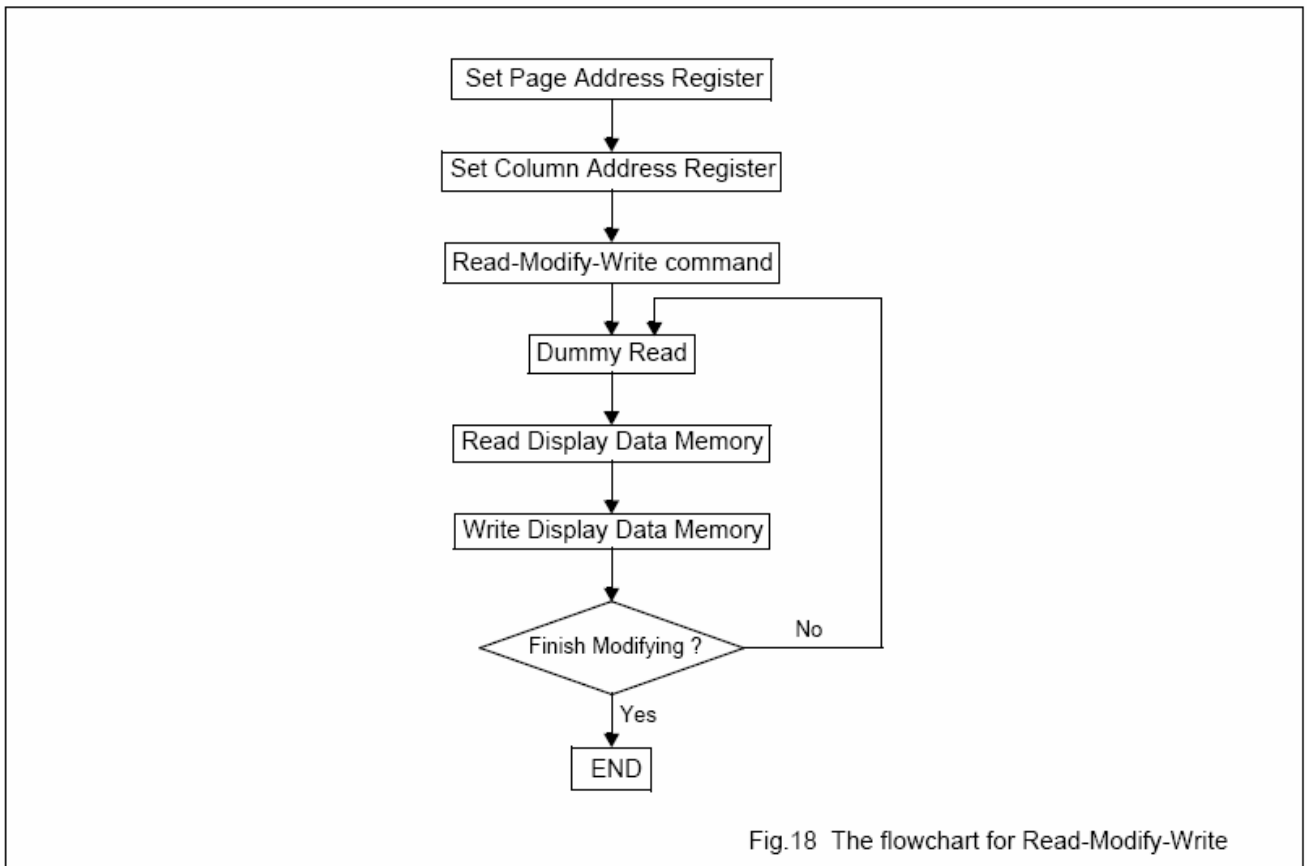
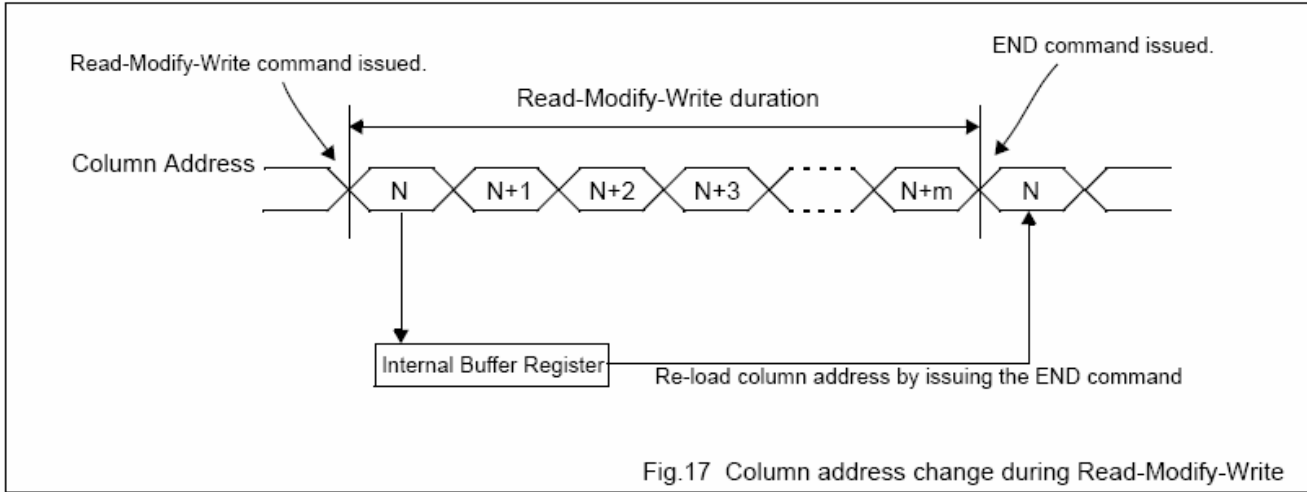
Read-Modify-Write

When the Read-Modify-Write command is issued, the SBN1661G_X enters into Read-Modify-Write mode. In normal operation, when a Read Display Data command or a Write Display Data command is issued, the content of the Column Address Register is automatically incremented by one after the command operation is finished. However, during Read-Modify-Write mode, the content of the Column Address Register is not incremented by one after a Read Display Data command is finished; only the Write Display Data command can make the content of the Column Address Register automatically incremented by one after the command operation is finished.

During Read-Modify-Write mode, any other registers, except the Column Address Register, can be modified. This command is useful when a block of the Display Data Memory needs to be repeatedly read and updated.

Fig. 17 gives the change sequence of the Column Address Register during Read-Modify-Write mode.

Figure 18 gives the flow chart for Read-Modify-Write command.



The setting of the control bus for the Read-Modify-Write command

| | | |
|------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| \overline{C}/D | $E/(\overline{RD})$ | $R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$ |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |

The setting of the data bus for the Read-Modify-Write command

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------|
| D7(MSB) | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0(LSB) |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

The END command

The END command releases the Read-Modify-Write mode and re-loads the Column Address Register with the value previously stored in the internal buffer (refer to Fig. 17) when the Read-Modify-Write command was issued.

The setting of the control bus for the END command

| | | |
|------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| \overline{C}/D | $E/(\overline{RD})$ | $R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$ |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |

The setting of the data bus for the END command

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------|
| D7(MSB) | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0(LSB) |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

The command code is EE Hex.

Software RESET command

The Software Reset command is different from the hardware reset and can not be used to replace hardware reset.

When Software Reset is issued by the host microcontroller,

- the content of the Display Start Line Register is cleared to zero(A4~A0=00000),
- the Page Address Register is set to 3 (A1 A0 = 11),
- the content of the Display Data Memory remains unchanged.
- the content of all other registers remains unchanged.

The setting of the control bus for Software RESET

| | | |
|------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| \overline{C}/D | $E/(\overline{RD})$ | $R/\overline{W}(\overline{WR})$ |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |

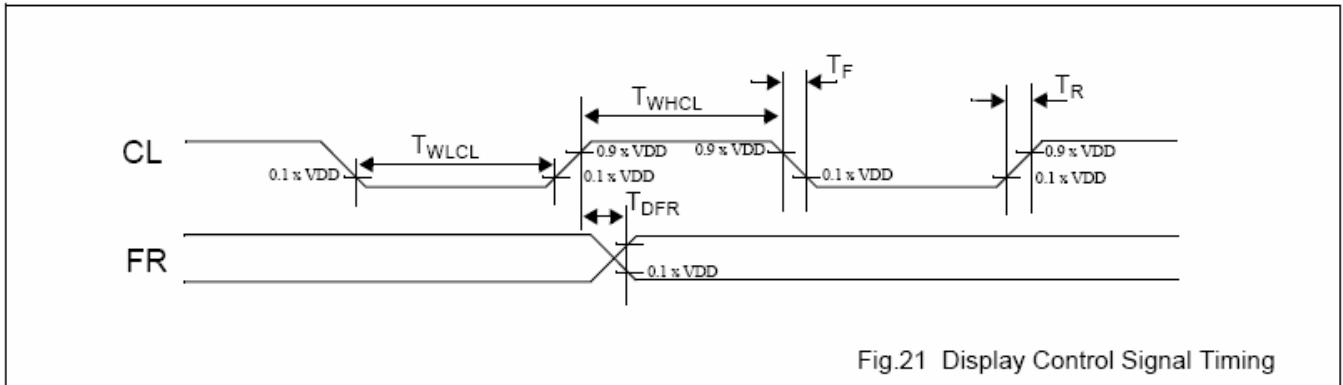
The setting of the data bus for Software RESET

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------|
| D7(MSB) | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0(LSB) |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

The command code is E2 Hex.

11. Timing Characteristics

CL and FR timing



CL and FR timing characteristics at VDD=5 volts

VDD = 5 V ±10%; VSS = 0 V; all voltages with respect to VSS unless otherwise specified; Tamb = -20 to +75 °C.

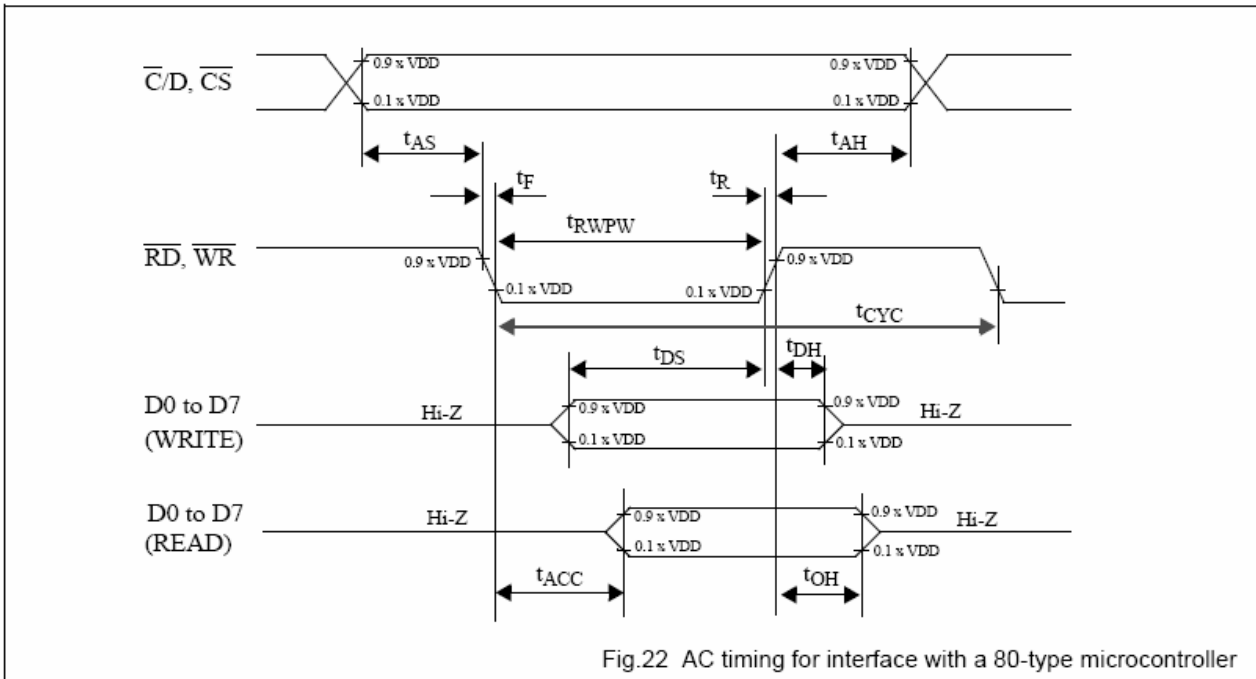
| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| T _{WHCL} | CL clock high pulse width | | 33 | | | μs |
| T _{WLCL} | CL clock low pulse width | | 33 | | | μs |
| T _R | CL clock rise time | | | 28 | 120 | ns |
| T _F | CL clock fall time | | | 28 | 120 | ns |
| T _{DFR(input)} | FR delay time (input) | When used as input in Slave Mode application | -2.0 | 0.2 | 1.6 | μs |
| T _{DFR(output)} | FR delay time (output) | When used as output in Master Mode application, with CL= 100 pF. | | 0.2 | 0.36 | μs |

CL and FR timing characteristics at VDD=3 volts

VDD = 3 V ±10%; VSS = 0 V; all voltages with respect to VSS unless otherwise specified; Tamb = -20 to +75 °C.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| T _{WHCL} | CL clock high pulse width | | 65 | | | μs |
| T _{WLCL} | CL clock low pulse width | | 65 | | | μs |
| T _R | CL clock rise time | | | 50 | 220 | ns |
| T _F | CL clock fall time | | | 50 | 220 | ns |
| T _{DFR(input)} | FR delay time (input) | When used as input in Slave Mode application | -3.6 | 0.36 | 3.6 | μs |
| T _{DFR(output)} | FR delay time (output) | When used as output in Master Mode application, with CL= 100 pF. | | 0.32 | 0.6 | μs |

AC timing for interface with an 80-type microcontroller



AC

timing for interface with a 80-type microcontorller at VDD=5 volts VDD = 5 V ±10%; VSS = 0 V; Tamb = -20 °C to +75°C.

| symbol | parameter | min. | max. | test conditons | unit |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|-------------------|------|
| t _{AS} | Address set-up time | 20 | | | ns |
| t _{AH} | Address hold time | 10 | | | ns |
| t _F , t _R | Read/Write pulse falling/rising time | | 15 | | ns |
| t _{RWPW} | Read/Write pulse width | 200 | | | ns |
| t _{CYC} | System cycle time | 1000 | | | ns |
| t _{DS} | Data setup time | 80 | | | ns |
| t _{DH} | Data hold time | 10 | | | ns |
| t _{ACC} | Data READ access time | | 90 | CL= 100 pF. | ns |
| t _{OH} | Data READ output hold time | 10 | 60 | Refer to Fig. 23. | ns |

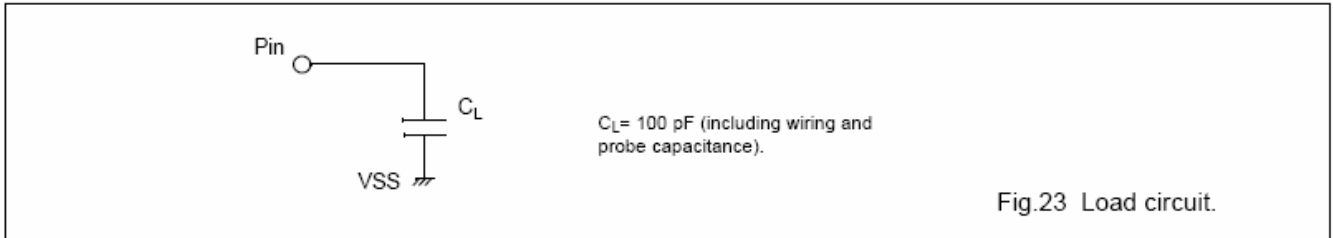
AC timing for interface with an 80-type microcontorller at VDD=3 volts VDD = 3 V ±10%; VSS = 0 V; Tamb = -20 °C to +75°C.

| symbol | parameter | min. | max. | test conditons | unit |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|----------------|------|
| t _{AS} | Address set-up time | 40 | | | ns |
| t _{AH} | Address hold time | 20 | | | ns |
| t _F , t _R | Read/Write pulse falling/rising time | | 15 | | ns |
| t _{RWPW} | Read/Write pulse width | 400 | | | ns |
| t _{CYC} | System cycle time | 2000 | | | ns |
| t _{DS} | Data setup time | 160 | | | ns |

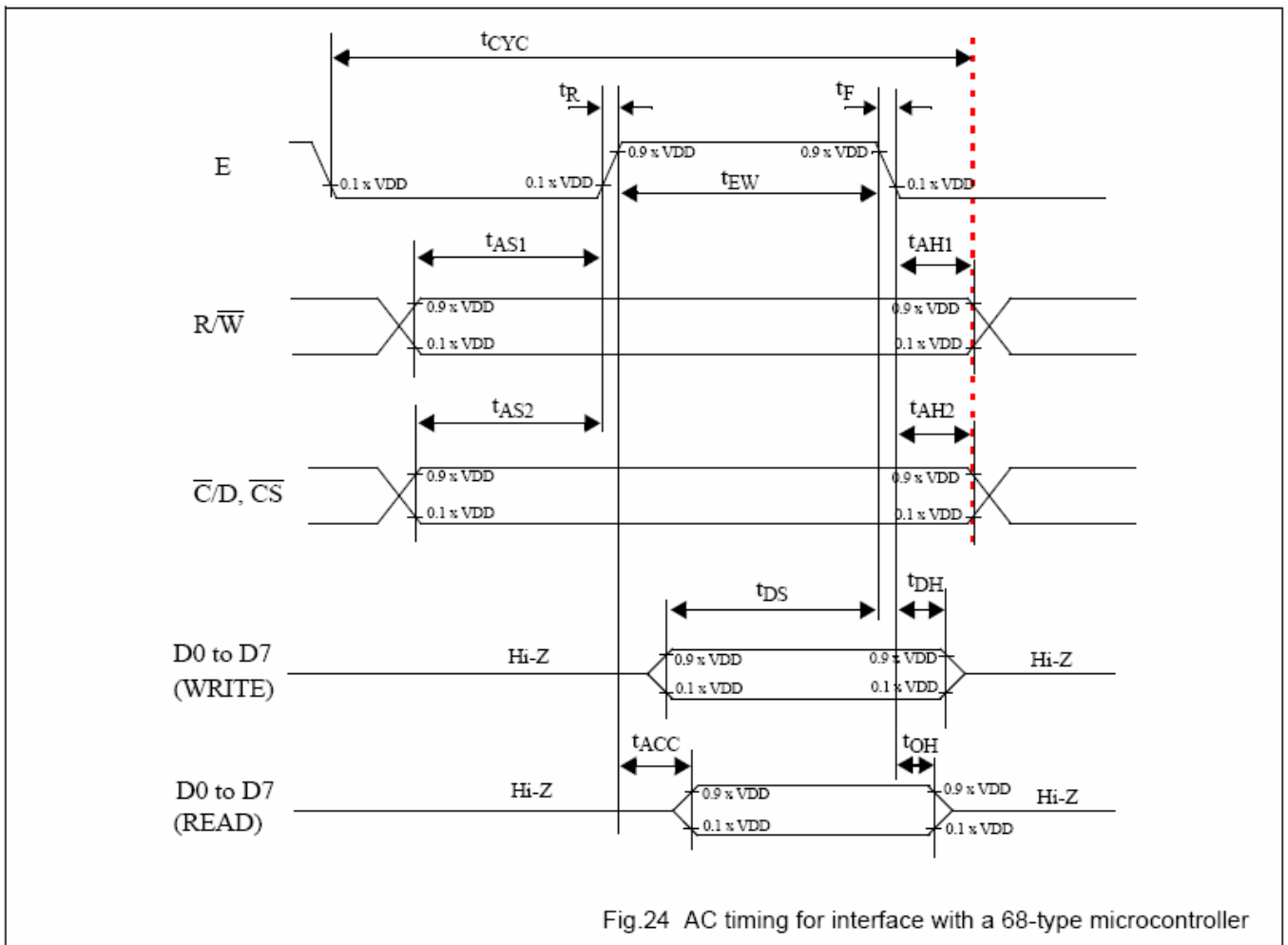
| symbol | parameter | min. | max. | test conditons | unit |
|-----------|----------------------------|------|------|--------------------------|------|
| t_{DH} | Data hold time | 20 | | | ns |
| t_{ACC} | Data READ access time | | 180 | $C_L = 100 \text{ pF}$, | ns |
| t_{OH} | Data READ output hold time | 20 | 120 | Refer to 23. | ns |

Note:

The measurement is with the load circuit connected. The load circuit is shown in Fig. 23.



AC timing for interface with a 68-type microcontroller



AC timing for interface with a 68-type microcontroller at $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ volts}$ $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$; $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$;

Tamb = -20 °C to +75°C.

| symbol | parameter | min. | max. | test conditons | unit |
|---------------------------------|--|------|------|-------------------|------|
| t _{AS1} | Address set-up time with respect to R/W | 20 | | | ns |
| t _{AS2} | Address set-up time with respect to $\overline{C/D}$, \overline{CS} | 20 | | | ns |
| t _{AH1} | Address hold time with respect to R/W | 10 | | | ns |
| t _{AH2} | Address hold time respect with to $\overline{C/D}$, \overline{CS} | 10 | | | ns |
| t _F , t _R | Enable (E) pulse falling/rising time | | 15 | | ns |
| t _{CYC} | System cycle time | 1000 | | Note 1 | ns |
| t _{EW_R} | Enable pulse width for READ | 100 | | | ns |
| t _{EW_W} | Enable pulse width for WRITE | 80 | | | ns |
| t _{DS} | Data setup time | 80 | | | ns |
| t _{DH} | Data hold time | 10 | | | ns |
| t _{ACC} | Data access time | | 90 | CL= 100 pF. | ns |
| t _{OH} | Data output hold time | 10 | 60 | Refer to Fig. 23. | ns |

AC timing for interface with a 68-type microcontroller at VDD=3 volts VDD = 3 V ±10%; VSS = 0 V;
Tamb = -20 °C to +75°C.

| symbol | parameter | min. | max. | test conditons | unit |
|---------------------------------|--|------|------|-------------------|------|
| t _{AS1} | Address set-up time with respect to R/W | 40 | | | ns |
| t _{AS2} | Address set-up time with respect to $\overline{C/D}$, \overline{CS} | 40 | | | ns |
| t _{AH1} | Address hold time with respect to R/W | 20 | | | ns |
| t _{AH2} | Address hold time respect with to $\overline{C/D}$, \overline{CS} | 20 | | | ns |
| t _F , t _R | Enable (E) pulse falling/rising time | | 15 | | ns |
| t _{CYC} | System cycle time | 2000 | | Note 1 | ns |
| t _{EW_R} | Enable pulse width for READ | 200 | | | ns |
| t _{EW_W} | Enable pulse width for WRITE | 160 | | | ns |
| t _{DS} | Data setup time | 160 | | | ns |
| t _{DH} | Data hold time | 20 | | | ns |
| t _{ACC} | Data access time | | 180 | CL= 100 pF. | ns |
| t _{OH} | Data output hold time | 20 | 120 | Refer to Fig. 23. | ns |

Note:

1. The system cycle time(t_{CYC}) is the time duration from the time when Chip Enable is enabled to the time when Chip Select is released.

12. Reliability

Content of Reliability Test (wide temperature, -20°C~70°C)

| Environmental Test | | | |
|---|--|---|------|
| Test Item | Content of Test | Test Condition | Note |
| High Temperature storage | Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time. | 80°C 200hrs | 2 |
| Low Temperature storage | Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time. | -30°C 200hrs | 1,2 |
| High Temperature Operation | Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time. | 70°C 200hrs | — |
| Low Temperature Operation | Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time. | -20°C 200hrs | 1 |
| High Temperature/ Humidity Operation | The module should be allowed to stand at 60°C, 90%RH max For 96hrs under no-load condition excluding the polarizer, Then taking it out and drying it at normal temperature. | 60°C, 90%RH 96hrs | 1,2 |
| Thermal shock resistance | The sample should be allowed stand the following 10 cycles of operation <div style="text-align: center;"> <p style="margin: 0;">-20°C 25°C 70°C</p> <p style="margin: 0;">30min 5min 30min</p> <p style="margin: 0;">1 cycle</p> </div> | -20°C/70°C 10 cycles | — |
| Vibration test | Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using. | Total fixed amplitude : 1.5mm Vibration Frequency : 10~55Hz One cycle 60 seconds to 3 directions of X,Y,Z for Each 15 minutes | 3 |
| Static electricity test | Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal. | VS=800V, RS=1.5kΩ CS=100pF 1 time | — |

Note1: No dew condensation to be observed.

Note2: The function test shall be conducted after 4 hours storage at the normal Temperature and humidity after remove from the test chamber.

Note3: Vibration test will be conducted to the product itself without putting it in a container.

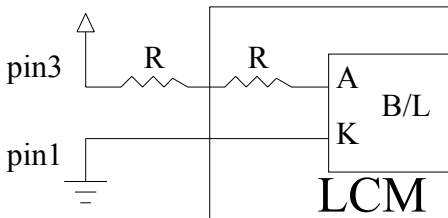
13. Backlight Information

Specification

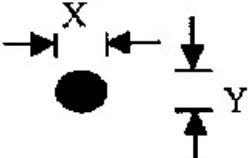
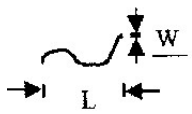
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | TEST CONDITION |
|--------------------|------------------|-----|------|-----|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Supply Current | I _{LED} | 32 | 40 | 60 | mA | V=4.2V |
| Supply Voltage | V | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.4 | V | — |
| Reverse Voltage | V _R | — | — | 8 | V | — |
| Luminous Intensity | I _V | 12 | 15 | — | CD/M ² | I _{LED} =40mA |
| Wave Length | λ _p | 560 | 570 | 580 | nm | I _{LED} =40mA |
| Life Time | — | — | 100K | — | Hr. | I _{LED} ≤ 40mA |
| Color | Yellow Green | | | | | |

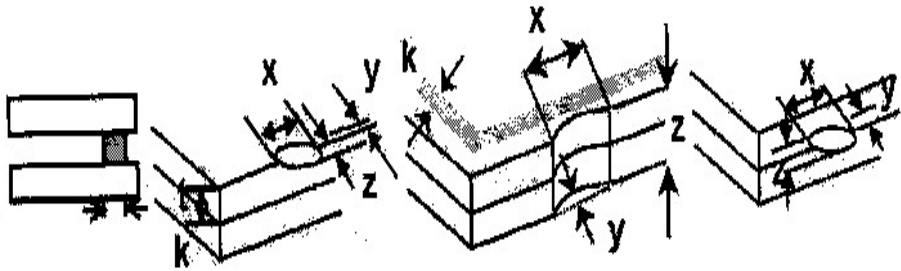
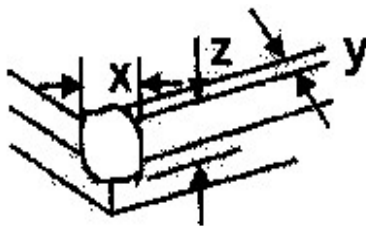
**Note: The LED of B/L is drive by current only ; driving voltage is only for reference
To make driving current in safety area (waste current between minimum and maximum).**

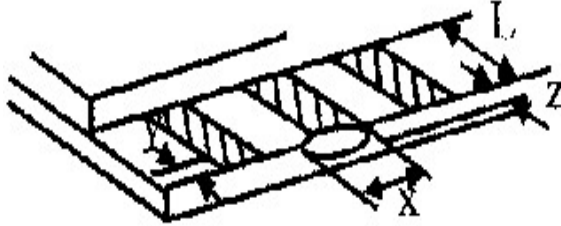
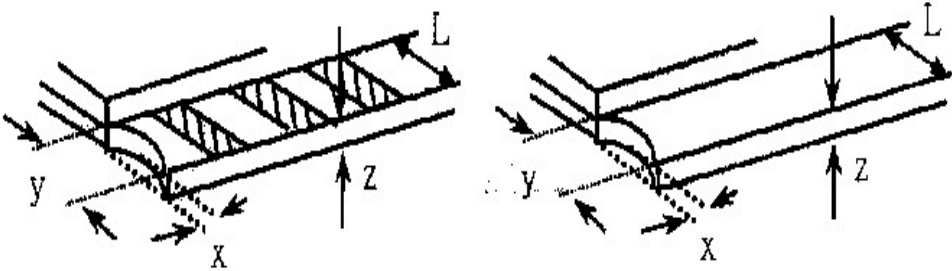
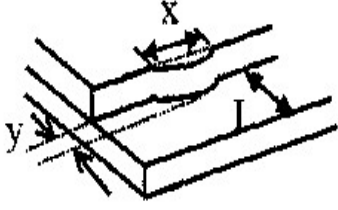
Drive from pin1, pin3

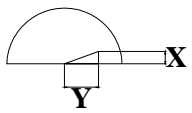


14. Inspection specification

| NO | Item | Criterion | AQL | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|-----|-----|
| 01 | Electrical Testing | 1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character , dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 LCD viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect. | 0.65 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 02 | Black or white spots on LCD (display only) | 2.1 White and black spots on display $\leq 0.25\text{mm}$, no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm | 2.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 03 | LCD black spots, white spots, contamination (non-display) | 3.1 Round type : As following drawing $\Phi = (x + y) / 2$  <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SIZE</th> <th>Acceptable Q TY</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$\Phi \leq 0.10$</td> <td>Accept no dense</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.25 < \Phi$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | SIZE | Acceptable Q TY | $\Phi \leq 0.10$ | Accept no dense | $0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$ | 2 | $0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$ | 1 | $0.25 < \Phi$ | 0 | 2.5 | | | |
| | | SIZE | Acceptable Q TY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\Phi \leq 0.10$ | Accept no dense | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$ | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$ | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $0.25 < \Phi$ | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.2 Line type : (As following drawing)  <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Length</th> <th>Width</th> <th>Acceptable Q TY</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>---</td> <td>$W \leq 0.02$</td> <td>Accept no dense</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$L \leq 3.0$</td> <td>$0.02 < W \leq 0.03$</td> <td rowspan="2">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$L \leq 2.5$</td> <td>$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>---</td> <td>$0.05 < W$</td> <td>As round type</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Length | Width | Acceptable Q TY | --- | $W \leq 0.02$ | Accept no dense | $L \leq 3.0$ | $0.02 < W \leq 0.03$ | 2 | $L \leq 2.5$ | $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ | --- | $0.05 < W$ | As round type | 2.5 | |
| Length | Width | Acceptable Q TY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | $W \leq 0.02$ | Accept no dense | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $L \leq 3.0$ | $0.02 < W \leq 0.03$ | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $L \leq 2.5$ | $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | $0.05 < W$ | As round type | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 04 | Polarizer bubbles | If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction. | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Size Φ</th> <th>Acceptable Q TY</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$\Phi \leq 0.20$</td> <td>Accept no dense</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$1.00 < \Phi$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total Q TY</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Size Φ | Acceptable Q TY | $\Phi \leq 0.20$ | Accept no dense | $0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$ | 3 | $0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$ | 2 | $1.00 < \Phi$ | 0 | Total Q TY | 3 | 2.5 |
| Size Φ | Acceptable Q TY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\Phi \leq 0.20$ | Accept no dense | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$ | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$ | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $1.00 < \Phi$ | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Q TY | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| NO | Item | Criterion | AQL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----|
| 05 | Scratches | Follow NO.3 LCD black spots, white spots, contamination | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 06 | Chipped glass | <p>Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: LCD side length L: Electrode pad length:</p> <p>6.1 General glass chip : 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:</p>  <table border="1"> <tr> <td>z: Chip thickness</td> <td>y: Chip width</td> <td>x: Chip length</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$Z \leq 1/2t$</td> <td>Not over viewing area</td> <td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$1/2t < z \leq 2t$</td> <td>Not exceed 1/3k</td> <td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td> </tr> </table> <p>⊙If there are 2 or more chips, x is total length of each chip.</p> <p>6.1.2 Corner crack:</p>  <table border="1"> <tr> <td>z: Chip thickness</td> <td>y: Chip width</td> <td>x: Chip length</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$Z \leq 1/2t$</td> <td>Not over viewing area</td> <td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$1/2t < z \leq 2t$</td> <td>Not exceed 1/3k</td> <td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td> </tr> </table> <p>⊙If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.</p> | z: Chip thickness | y: Chip width | x: Chip length | $Z \leq 1/2t$ | Not over viewing area | $x \leq 1/8a$ | $1/2t < z \leq 2t$ | Not exceed 1/3k | $x \leq 1/8a$ | z: Chip thickness | y: Chip width | x: Chip length | $Z \leq 1/2t$ | Not over viewing area | $x \leq 1/8a$ | $1/2t < z \leq 2t$ | Not exceed 1/3k | $x \leq 1/8a$ | 2.5 |
| z: Chip thickness | y: Chip width | x: Chip length | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $Z \leq 1/2t$ | Not over viewing area | $x \leq 1/8a$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $1/2t < z \leq 2t$ | Not exceed 1/3k | $x \leq 1/8a$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| z: Chip thickness | y: Chip width | x: Chip length | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $Z \leq 1/2t$ | Not over viewing area | $x \leq 1/8a$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $1/2t < z \leq 2t$ | Not exceed 1/3k | $x \leq 1/8a$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| NO | Item | Criterion | AQL | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|-----|
| 06 | Glass crack | <p>Symbols :</p> <p>x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: LCD side length L: Electrode pad length</p> <p>6.2 Protrusion over terminal :</p> <p>6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad :</p>  <table border="1"> <tr> <td>y: Chip width</td> <td>x: Chip length</td> <td>z: Chip thickness</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$y \leq 0.5\text{mm}$</td> <td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td> <td>$0 < z \leq t$</td> </tr> </table> | y: Chip width | x: Chip length | z: Chip thickness | $y \leq 0.5\text{mm}$ | $x \leq 1/8a$ | $0 < z \leq t$ | 2.5 |
| | | y: Chip width | x: Chip length | z: Chip thickness | | | | | |
| | | $y \leq 0.5\text{mm}$ | $x \leq 1/8a$ | $0 < z \leq t$ | | | | | |
| <p>6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:</p>  <table border="1"> <tr> <td>y: Chip width</td> <td>x: Chip length</td> <td>z: Chip thickness</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$y \leq L$</td> <td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td> <td>$0 < z \leq t$</td> </tr> </table> | y: Chip width | x: Chip length | z: Chip thickness | $y \leq L$ | $x \leq 1/8a$ | $0 < z \leq t$ | | | |
| y: Chip width | x: Chip length | z: Chip thickness | | | | | | | |
| $y \leq L$ | $x \leq 1/8a$ | $0 < z \leq t$ | | | | | | | |
| <p>⊙ If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal specifications.</p> <p>⊙ If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment mark not be damaged.</p> <p>6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack.</p>  <table border="1"> <tr> <td>y: width</td> <td>x: length</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$y \leq 1/3L$</td> <td>$x \leq a$</td> </tr> </table> | y: width | x: length | $y \leq 1/3L$ | $x \leq a$ | | | | | |
| y: width | x: length | | | | | | | | |
| $y \leq 1/3L$ | $x \leq a$ | | | | | | | | |

| NO | Item | Criterion | AQL |
|----|--------------------|--|--|
| 07 | Cracked glass | The LCD with extensive crack is not acceptable. | 2.5 |
| 08 | Backlight elements | 8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using LCD spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong. | 0.65 2.5 0.65 |
| 09 | Bezel | 9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination. 9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications. | 2.5 0.65 |
| 10 | PCB、COB | 10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, LED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down. 10.9 The Scraping testing standard for Copper Coating of PCB  $X * Y \leq 2\text{mm}^2$ | 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 |
| 11 | Soldering | 11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB. | 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 |

| NO | Item | Criterion | AQL |
|----|--------------------|---|------|
| 12 | General appearance | 12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. | 2.5 |
| | | 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. | 0.65 |
| | | 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product. | 2.5 |
| | | 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. | 2.5 |
| | | 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. | 2.5 |
| | | 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. | 2.5 |
| | | 12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. | 2.5 |
| | | 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. | 0.65 |
| | | 12.9 LCD pin loose or missing pins. | 0.65 |
| | | 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet. | 0.65 |
| | | 12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet. | 0.65 |

15. Material List of Components for RoHs

1. WINSTAR Display Co., Ltd hereby declares that all of or part of products (with the mark “#”in code), including, but not limited to, the LCM, accessories or packages, manufactured and/or delivered to your company (including your subsidiaries and affiliated company) directly or indirectly by our company (including our subsidiaries or affiliated companies) do not intentionally contain any of the substances listed in all applicable EU directives and regulations, including the following substances.

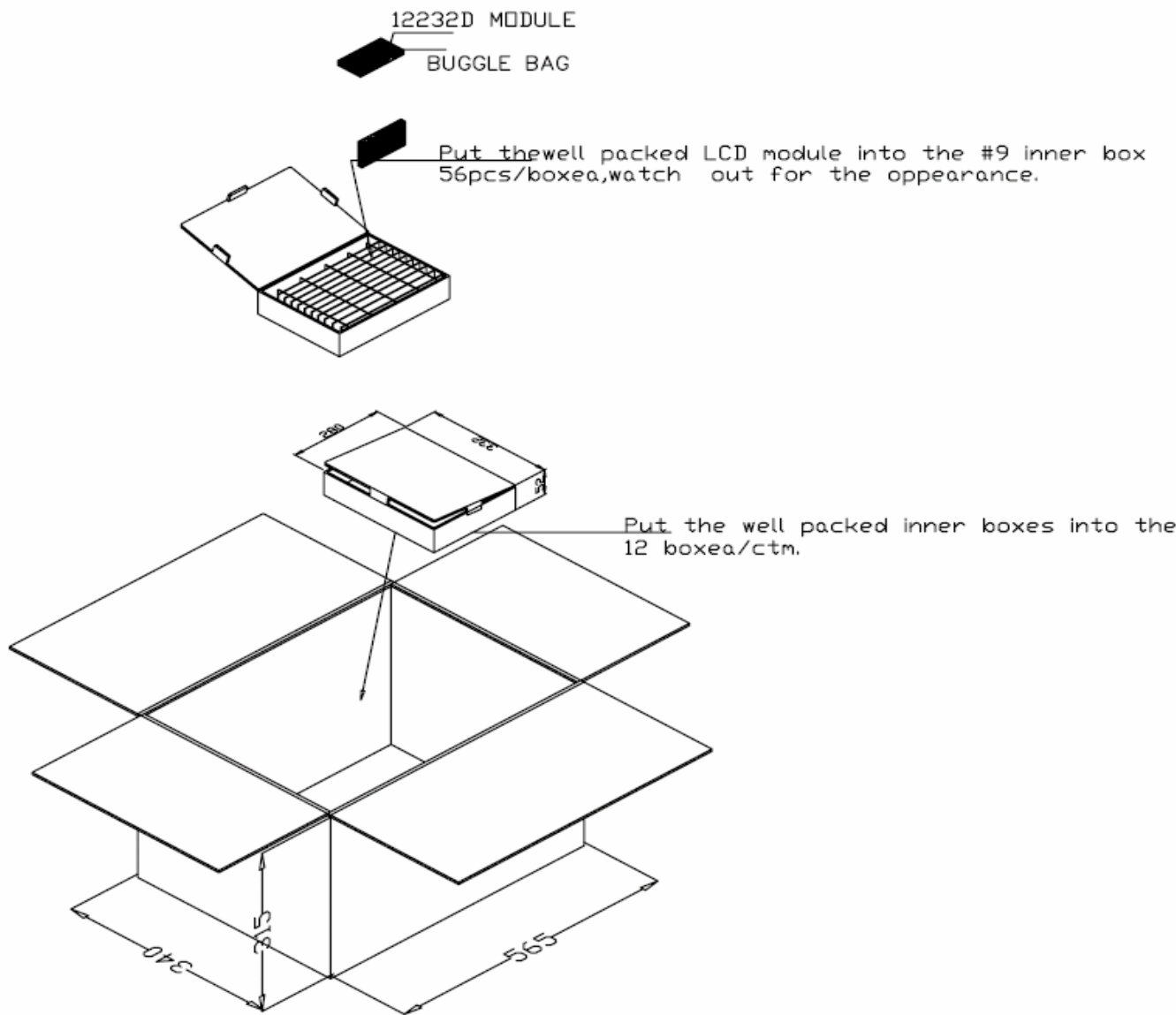
Exhibit A : The Harmful Material List

| Material | (Cd) | (Pb) | (Hg) | (Cr6+) | PBBs | PBDEs |
|--|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Limited Value | 100 ppm | 1000 ppm | 1000 ppm | 1000 ppm | 1000 ppm | 1000 ppm |
| Above limited value is set up according to RoHS. | | | | | | |

2.Process for RoHS requirement :

- (1) Use the Sn/Ag/Cu soldering surface ; the surface of Pb-free solder is rougher than we used before.
- (2) Heat-resistance temp. :
Reflow : 250°C,30 seconds Max. ;
Connector soldering wave or hand soldering : 320°C, 10 seconds max.
- (3) Temp. curve of reflow, max. Temp. : 235±5°C ;
Recommended customer's soldering temp. of connector : 280°C, 3 seconds.

16. Package drawing





1、Panel Specification :

- 1. Panel Type : Pass NG ,_____
- 2. View Direction : Pass NG ,_____
- 3. Numbers of Dots : Pass NG ,_____
- 4. View Area : Pass NG ,_____
- 5. Active Area : Pass NG ,_____
- 6. Operating Temperature : Pass NG ,_____
- 7. Storage Temperature : Pass NG ,_____
- 8. Others : _____

2、Mechanical Specification :

- 1. PCB Size : Pass NG ,_____
- 2. Frame Size : Pass NG ,_____
- 3. Material of Frame : Pass NG ,_____
- 4. Connector Position : Pass NG ,_____
- 5. Fix Hole Position : Pass NG ,_____
- 6. Backlight Position : Pass NG ,_____
- 7. Thickness of PCB : Pass NG ,_____
- 8. Height of Frame to PCB : Pass NG ,_____
- 9. Height of Module : Pass NG ,_____
- 10. Others : Pass NG ,_____

3、Relative Hole Size :

- 1. Pitch of Connector : Pass NG ,_____
- 2. Hole size of Connector : Pass NG ,_____
- 3. Mounting Hole size : Pass NG ,_____
- 4. Mounting Hole Type : Pass NG ,_____
- 5. Others : Pass NG ,_____

4、Backlight Specification :

- 1. B/L Type : Pass NG ,_____
- 2. B/L Color : Pass NG ,_____
- 3. B/L Driving Voltage (Reference for LED Type) : Pass NG ,_____
- 4. B/L Driving Current : Pass NG ,_____
- 5. Brightness of B/L : Pass NG ,_____
- 6. B/L Solder Method : Pass NG ,_____
- 7. Others : Pass NG ,_____

>> **Go to page 2** <<



winstar

Module Number : _____

Page: 2

5、Electronic Characteristics of Module :

- | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Input Voltage : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |
| 2. Supply Current : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |
| 3. Driving Voltage for LCD : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |
| 4. Contrast for LCD : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |
| 5. B/L Driving Method : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |
| 6. Negative Voltage Output : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |
| 7. Interface Function : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |
| 8. LCD Uniformity : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |
| 9. ESD test : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |
| 10. Others : | <input type="checkbox"/> Pass | <input type="checkbox"/> NG , _____ |

6、Summary :

Sales signature : _____

Customer Signature : _____

Date : / / _____